

OATV 2. forduló (2011/2012)

Exercise 1 Who lives in each apartment? Write the name of the tenant on the appropriate arrow.

Alfonso, the apartment administrator is showing Luisa, the new tenant, who lives in each apartment. The building has 6 floors and the penthouse. There is a supermarket on the first floor.

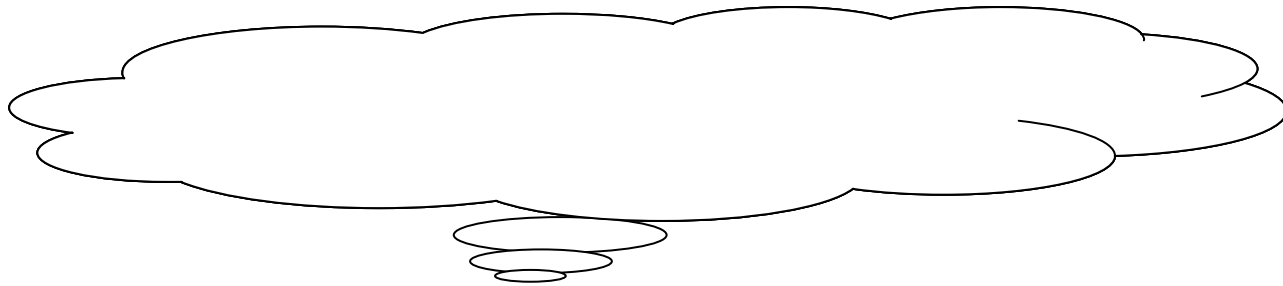


Alfonso explains to Luisa:

Your apartment is above Mr. Aguilar's. He is quiet and very friendly but on the other hand Mrs Perez is noisy and moody. You won't hear her because she lives in the apartment 501. The Johnsons used to live across from Mrs Perez but after a month they wanted to move out. Luckily, the apartment 301 was empty so they moved there. Now they live across from Mr Aguilar and the apartment where they used to live is occupied by Mr Muñoz. He is deaf.

The Romeros live on the last floor above from Mr Muñoz and 2 floors below you find the Chongs. The Romeros have a cousin who is afraid of heights so he lives on the second floor below the Johnsons. The Smiths live also on the sixth floor across from the Romeros and I live between Mrs Perez and the Johnsons. The owner lives in the penthouse.

Exercise 2 Choose a verb to go with the noun in each sentence and write it in the suitable form.



1. Her singing in the shower _____ me crazy.
2. People who arrived early _____ a queue at the doctor.
3. Joe promised me he would come, but he _____ his promise.
4. My mother doesn't like _____ risks.
5. _____ the curtains if there's too much sunlight.
6. The sun was so hot that the grass _____ fire.
7. Jane couldn't _____ a good explanation why she was late.
8. The poet _____ suicide at the age of 32.
9. Jason _____ his ambition of becoming world champion.
10. How do you _____ the difference between the male bird and the female?

/20

Exercise 3 Replace the words in *italics* with a phrasal verb formed from the verb in brackets. Use the grammatically correct form. Write the whole sentence.

e.g.: Tell the boss exactly what you think. Don't worry – I'll *support* you. (back)

I'll back you up.

1. The fire fighters took four hours to *extinguish* the blaze. (put)

2. Shall we *continue* after lunch? (carry)

3. She's trying to *reduce* the amount of coffee she drinks each year. (cut)

4. I was so pleased when my mummy finally *stopped* smoking. (give)

5. You will never guess who I *met* in the street just now! (bump)

/10

Exercise 4



Some people don't believe that William Shakespeare of Stratford could have written plays. He is said not to have been educated well enough to know about all the things mentioned in his plays. In addition, there are no manuscripts in Shakespeare's handwriting and his name didn't appear on many of his plays until his death. A group of people argue that the plays must have been written by Edward de Vere, the Earl of Oxford. He wasn't allowed to use his own name because he was an aristocrat, and so he chose 'Shakespeare' as a pseudonym.

Read Luke's and Hannah's e-mails about the Shakespeare controversy and put the e-mails in the correct order. Write the number in the circle.

A

Dear Hannah,

Thanks for your e-mail.

You ask why I think the Earl of Oxford wrote Shakespeare's plays? Well, to start with William Shakespeare of Stratford was uneducated. He didn't go to university or anything. He never travelled. How could he have known all the history in the plays? For instance, how did he know all about Italy where Romeo and Juliet takes place?

Love,

Luke

B

Dear Luke,

No writer put their name on their plays in the 1550s and '90s! It just wasn't the custom. But the first complete collection of all the plays (published in 1623, after Shakespeare's death) Shakespeare is described as the 'sweet swan of Avon'. So he must have been talking about William Shakespeare from Stratford. O.K.?

Hannah

C

Yes, but the Earl of Oxford had an estate in Bilton - and that had a different River Avon near it. The 'sweet swan of Avon' might have been the swan of Bilton-upon-Avon - in other words, the Earl of Oxford. What do you have to say about that?

Luke

D

Oh, come on Luke! Don't repeat that old Oxford Avon story! The Earl of Oxford sold his estate at Bilton in 1580 - and nobody called Shakespeare the 'swan of Avon' until 1623! Be logical ☺

Hannah

E ○

Ah yes, Hannah, but that's the question. Who was he?

Luke

BTW why don't you have a look at the Shakespeare Oxford Society website?

F ○

Does it matter if I can't prove anything? You can't either. You keep talking about who Shakespeare must have been - he must have been an aristocrat, he must have been educated, he must have been this, he must have been that. But all that matters to me is who he really was.

H.

G ○

Hannah,

Self-taught Shakespeare! That just can't have happened! Anyway, how could it be that his name wasn't on any of his plays?

L.

H ○

Dear Luke,

O.K., so perhaps Shakespeare wasn't educated. But his neighbour in Stratford was John Field, who published books - Shakespeare could have read those books to get information about foreign countries and English history. He might have read those. He was probably self-taught.

Best wishes,

Hannah

I ○

Hi Hannah,

'Logical'! You must be joking! You will never be able to prove that the Avon in the 1623 edition of the plays was the Stratford Avon. It could have been a different river, the River Avon at Bilton - whether the Earl of Oxford sold it or not. Let's face it, you can't prove anything about Shakespeare, can you?

Luke

/8

Give short answers to the following questions.

1. Who was John Field? _____
2. Where did John Field live? _____
3. Who was described as the 'sweet swan of Avon'? _____
4. How many River Avons do Luke and Hannah talk about? _____
5. Where are they? _____
6. When was the first complete collection of Shakespeare's plays published? _____
7. When did the Earl of Oxford sell his estate at Bilton? _____

/8

Exercise 5 Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence, using the word given. Do not change the word given. You must use between two and five words, including the word given.

e.g.: A very friendly taxi driver drove us into town.

DRIVEN

We were driven into town by a very friendly taxi driver.

1. I think Robert is too young to look after his brother.

CARE

I think Robert isn't of his brother.

2. Thomas put up a fence so that people didn't walk on his garden.

PREVENT

Thomas put up a fence on his garden.

3. The last time Enrico saw Gloria was the day they left school.

SEEN

Enrico has the day they left school.

4. Nicholas finally managed to get his new video recorder to work.

SUCCEEDED

Nicholas finally his new video recorder to work.

5. Luckily, we had enough glasses at the party.

RUN

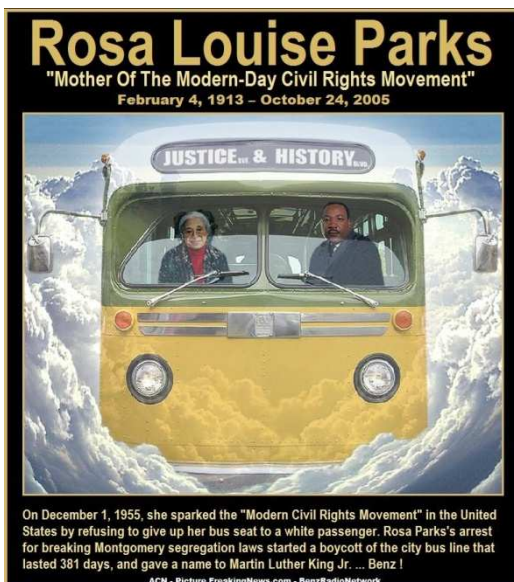
Luckily, we glasses at the party.

Exercise 6 Read the text and then complete the sentences with the correct relative pronouns. (Use *who* whenever it is possible.) Then do the crossword. Find the answers in the story.

Dr Martin Luther King Junior was the greatest leader of the American civil rights movement. He fought for equal rights for black people.

Martin Luther King Jr. was born in 1929 in Atlanta, in the south of the U.S.A. He grew up with racial segregation. White and black people had different schools and churches. Black people had to live with racism every day.

The bus boycott



In 1964, Martin Luther King Jr. became minister of a church in Montgomery, Alabama. The buses in Montgomery were racially segregated. Black people sat at the back and white people sat at the front. If the bus was full, black people had to give their seats to white people. On 1st December 1955, a woman called Rosa Parks refused to stand up when some white people got on the bus. The police came and arrested her. The black community was very angry.

Dr King organised a bus boycott. All the black people stopped travelling on the buses. People walked to work or travelled by car or taxi. They asked the mayor of Montgomery for three things:

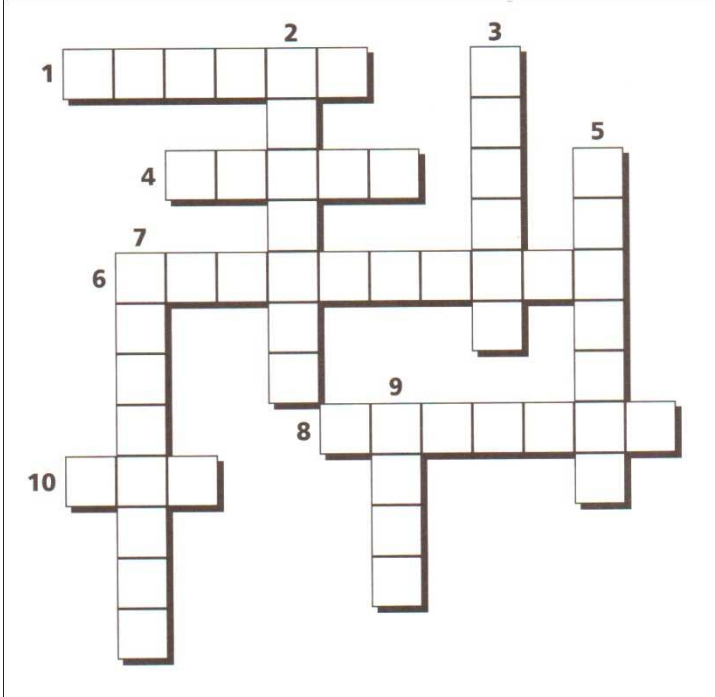
- Bus drivers must be polite to black passengers.
- Black people must have the same right to sit down as white people.
- The bus company must employ black drivers.

The mayor of Montgomery refused the demands and the bus boycott went on for a whole year.

Dr King received letters from the Ku Klux Klan and the other white racist groups. They threatened to kill him. One day a racist group bombed Dr King's house. Luckily his wife, Coretta, and their baby were not hurt.

On 13th November 1956 the United States Supreme Court decided that segregation on the buses was illegal. It was a great victory for the black community in Montgomery. It was also the beginning of the civil rights movement in America.

1. The people _____ arrested Mrs Parks.
2. The name of the woman _____ was married to Martin Luther King Jr.
3. A person _____ drives a bus.
4. The surname of the woman _____ refused to stand up on the bus.
5. The protest _____ Dr King organised was called the 'bus?'
6. The town _____ Martin Luther King Jr. lived.
7. A person _____ is the leader of a church.
8. The town _____ King was born.
9. One of the kinds of transport _____ people used during the bus boycott.
10. The country _____ Dr King lived.



Exercise 7 Read the text below and circle the correct answer.

A wildlife cameraman



I (0) a living as a freelance wildlife cameraman working all over the world. It is my job to provide the (1) material from which a natural history programme is (2) up. If the lifestyle agrees with you, the travel and the filming can be great. There is fantastic variety: I often do not have the slightest (3) where I am going or what I will see. There is also a certain pleasure in (4)

some of the film you take on TV, though as I am often away working, I do not always (5) the programmes when they are shown.

It is unusual to get an 'easy' filming job. One of the most challenging things is (6) your sense of humour under sometimes difficult circumstances. I (7) to work in the region of 300 days a year and I often (8) I had more time to play my guitar or see friends. Sometimes there is no (9) even unpacking, when I get home.

But it is an amazing job, even though there are frustrations. What I hate most is flying – I really cannot (10) with that. All things (11) , if it were not for the flying, this job would be (12) about perfect.

- | | | | |
|-----------------|----------------|--------------|---------------|
| 0. a; gain | b; earn | c; receive | d; collect |
| 1. a; pure | b; plain | c; raw | d; bare |
| 2. a; made | b; set | c; taken | d; put |
| 3. a; idea | b; thought | c; purpose | d; sense |
| 4. a; noticing | b; viewing | c; looking | d; regarding |
| 5. a; catch | b; glimpse | c; glance | d; remark |
| 6. a; guarding | b; holding | c; keeping | d; saving |
| 7. a; expect | b; suppose | c; imagine | d; rely |
| 8. a; hope | b; desire | c; wish | d; want |
| 9. a; reason | b; point | c; purpose | d; matter |
| 10. a; suffer | b; stand | c; tolerate | d; cope |
| 11. a; examined | b; weighed | c; consulted | d; considered |
| 12. a; round | b; near | c; almost | d; just |

Exercise 8 Who or what? Circle the correct answer.

1. Which of these people is a fictional character?
a; Beatrix Potter b; Dennis Potter c; Harry Potter
2. Which of these cartoon characters has wheels, not legs?
a; Thomas the Tank Engine b; Tintin c; Snoopy
3. Which of the following is NOT a game?
a; Scrabble b; Clueless c; Monopoly
4. Which of the following is NOT a television company?
a; BBQ b; ABC d; BBC
5. Which of the following is NOT connected with computers?
a; window b; mouse c; pixie
6. Which of the following was NOT a ship?
a; Mayflower b; Discovery c; Kon-Tiki

/6

TOTAL /100